CALIFORNIA COASTAL COMMISSION 45 FREMONT, SUITE 2000

45 FREMONT, SUITE 2000 SAN FRANCISCO, CA 94105-2219 VOICE AND TDD (415) 904-5200 FAX (415) 904-5400

Date:	8/24/09
Contact:	Peter Douglas, 415-904-5203
	Hope Schmeltzer, 415-904-5230

COURT REJECTS COASTAL COMPLAINT Judge finds no evidence of trespass, civil rights or "takings"

Los Angeles--In a sweeping dismissal of two Malibu property owners' allegations that the California Coastal Commission violated their civil rights by trespassing on their Topanga Canyon property, a judge has ruled in favor of the Coastal Commission on all counts. The action by Superior Court Judge Luis Lavin today granted the Commission's request for summary judgment, ruling that the issues raised in the case did not warrant further review. The ruling exonerates the agency, as well as two Commission employees named in the suit.

"We are pleased but not surprised by the ruling," said Commission Executive Director Peter Douglas. "This suit was patently frivolous from the beginning. It 's been a regrettable and costly diversion of public resources, but now we can all get back to work."

The case involved illegal roads, grading and tree removal on property owned by Dan Norris and Peggy Gilder. Because the property is located in the coastal zone, these activities required coastal development permit. A site visit in October, 2005, was authorized by a court order. After verifying illegal development on site, the Commission issued a "Notice of Violation" on the property and told the owners to apply for a permit. The owners refused, and sued the Commission. Last year, a superior court upheld the Commission's action and threw out five of their 8 claims. Today's action eliminated all remaining claims.

The case has generated controversy, because Gilder's friend, Richard Oshen, filmed the site visit and used it as the basis for a documentary that is highly critical of the Coastal Commission. When the Commission requested copies of the footage as evidence in the case, Oshen complained that the Commission was trying to censor him.

"We did nothing of the sort," said Commission Chief Counsel Hope Schmeltzer. "His friends asked him to film our site visit, then sued us for trespassing and damages. We just wanted a copy of the footage to defend ourselves in court. He has always been free to use the footage in any way he wants."

Now the Commission won't have to bother. Lavin's ruling dismissed every one of the defendants' claims, including the claim that the Notice of Violation was a "taking" of their private property. The allegation that the site inspection violated their civil rights was found to be "without merit." The judge found the Commission staff's actions to be "objectively reasonable," and found "no triable issues of material facts."

